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(equit

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, Xie [8]

Driving Questionnaire)

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[10]

:

(event paradigm)",

,

, $\chi^2/df=4.12$
, NNFI=0

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King [18]

Sensitivity Instrume

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[18]

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[19],

(F(2,2

, 3

(M=29.16, SD

(M

(M=15.51, SD=.

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09, $p>0.05$),

1)

1

Table 1 Regression model of drivers' rule-observing behaviors on event fairness perception

	(β)	
	1	2
	-0.090*	-0.076
	-0.073	-0.069
	-0.013	-0.012
	0.202***	0.192***
	0.130*	0.151**
	0.133**	0.141**
	-0.840***	-0.796***
		0.117**
(F)	56.362***	51.229***
ΔR^2	0.575***	0.010**

: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$

3

Table 3 Regression model of drivers' rule-observing behaviors on two dimensions of social entity fairness perception

	(β)	
	1	2
	-0.090*	-0.077
	-0.073	-0.088
	-0.013	0.039
	0.202***	0.211***
	0.130*	0.094
	0.133**	0.156***
	-0.840***	-0.688***
		0.116*
(F)	56.362***	49.543***
ΔR^2	0.575***	0.031***

: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$

3.2

” “ ”
， “ ”
“ ”

3.3

(5)

($\beta = 0.421, p < 0.001$)

($\beta = 0.117,$

$p < 0.01$)

($\beta = 0.029, p > 0.05$),

($\beta = 0.209, p < 0.001$)(5)

[21]

(4)

(2)

2

Table 2 Regression model of drivers' rule-observing behaviors on social entity fairness perception

	(β)	
	1	2
	-0.090*	-0.066
	-0.073	-0.086
	-0.013	0.034
	0.202***	0.205***
	0.130*	0.094
	0.133**	0.151***
	-0.840***	-0.698***
		0.224***
(F)	56.362***	55.718***
ΔR^2	0.575***	0.030***

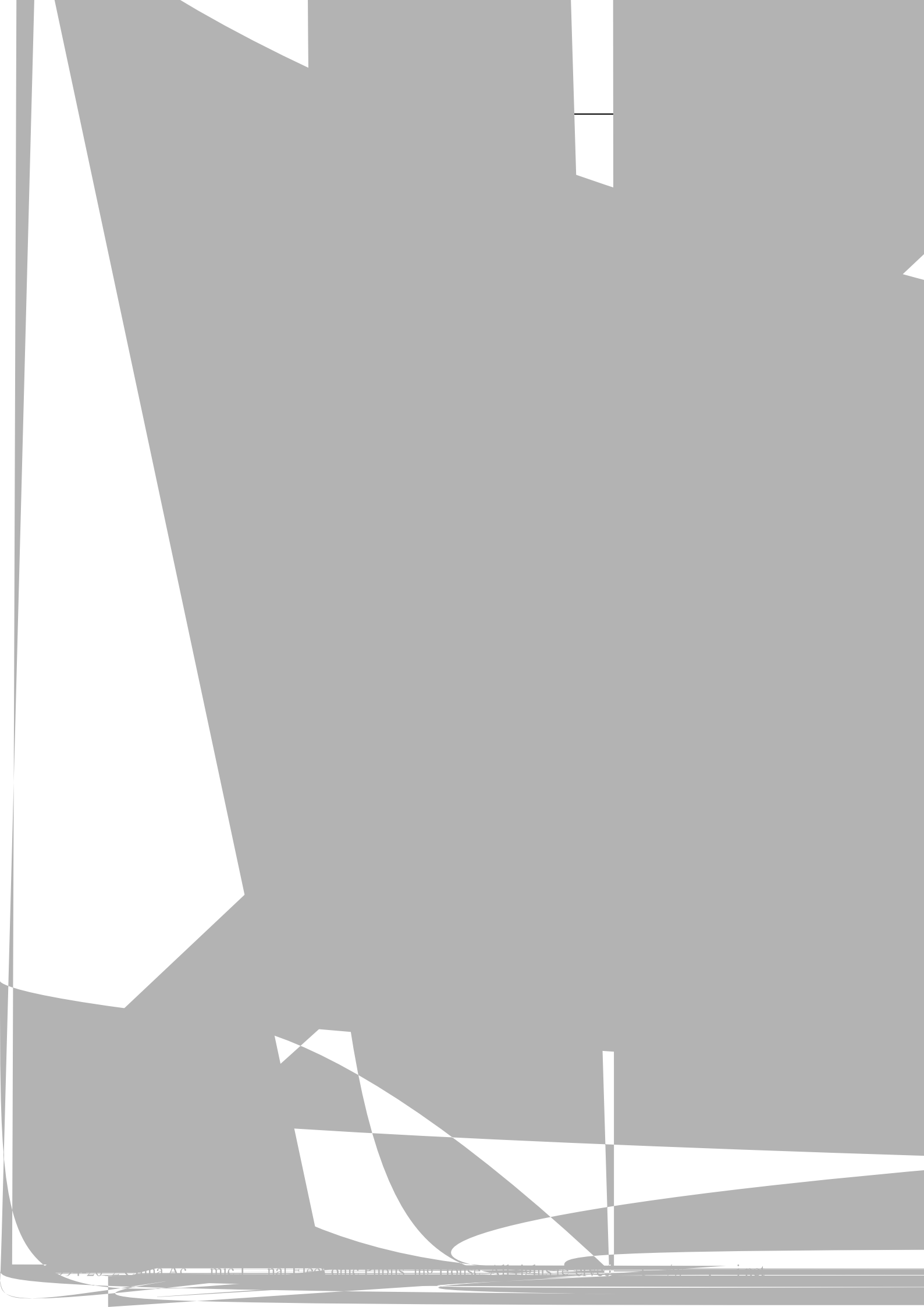
: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$

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4.1

Cropanzano [10]

Choi^[12] , Gilliland^[22]
 , Choi^[12] (baselines levels of
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